



Digging deeper

Connecting social
and natural sciences
for working carbon
management
options

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SP04

Carbon stocks, turnover and nutrient budget in soil along land-use and climatic gradients

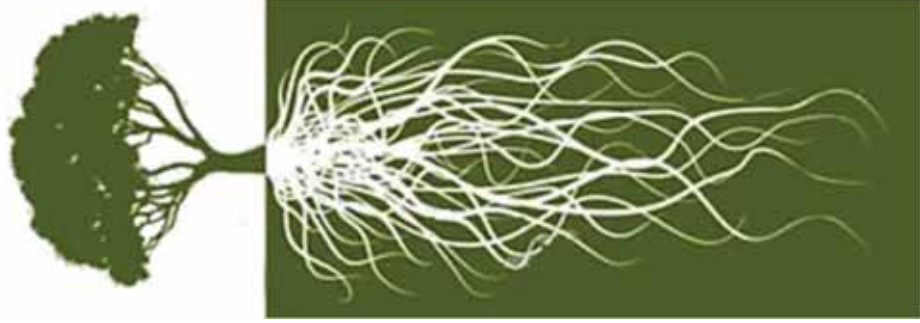
Main Objectives:

- (1) Determine the native C and nutrient stocks
- (2) Analyze the temporal change in C and nutrient stocks
- (3) Quantify SOM fractions und turnover rates
- (4) Asses the influence of climatic and land-use change of SOM stocks and turnover-rate

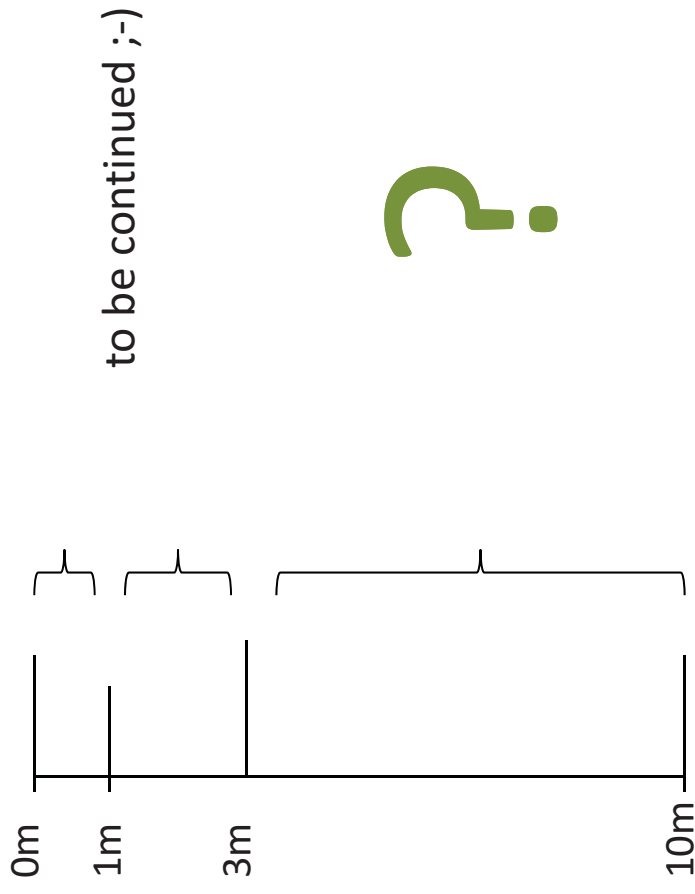


versus





How much carbon is underestimated in global budgets by fixing a lower boundary at 1 m?



What is /are...

- the stocks of organic carbon?
- turnover rates / mean residence time of organic carbon?
- differences in the main organic matter fractions?
- factors influencing the availability of subsoil organic matter?
- stabilisation and destabilisation processes of soil organic matter?
- the fate of organic matter when soils are getting cultivated?

SP14

Analysis of challenges and chances of social transformation for GHG-optimized land and natural resource management strategies

Main Objectives:

- (1) Work out a holistic understanding of societal processes in Carbiocial's research area
- (2) Stakeholder involvement and communication
- (3) Identification of change agents & stakeholder analysis
- (4) Identification of relevant knowledge technologies
- (5) Cooperation with diverse subprojects in the construction of viable future scenarios for the area of BR 163

What are the...

- structures and channels of knowledge circulation and social innovations?
- strategies and experiences with participation in Public Policies?
- conditions of landuser's decisions?
- perspectives for the future of landusers at BR163?
- main actors of landuse (change), their networks and interactions?
- legal frameworks for land use?



Sample design I

9

Soil profile
description



Bulk density
determination
down to 1m every
10 cm

9 auger holes down to 1m on a plot
100 x 100m in grid of 25m distance

SIA down to
10,50m



SIA
- close to
the
surface



SIAs

The 10m hole

11



Science and Technology Studies: Researching knowledge production among soil scientists



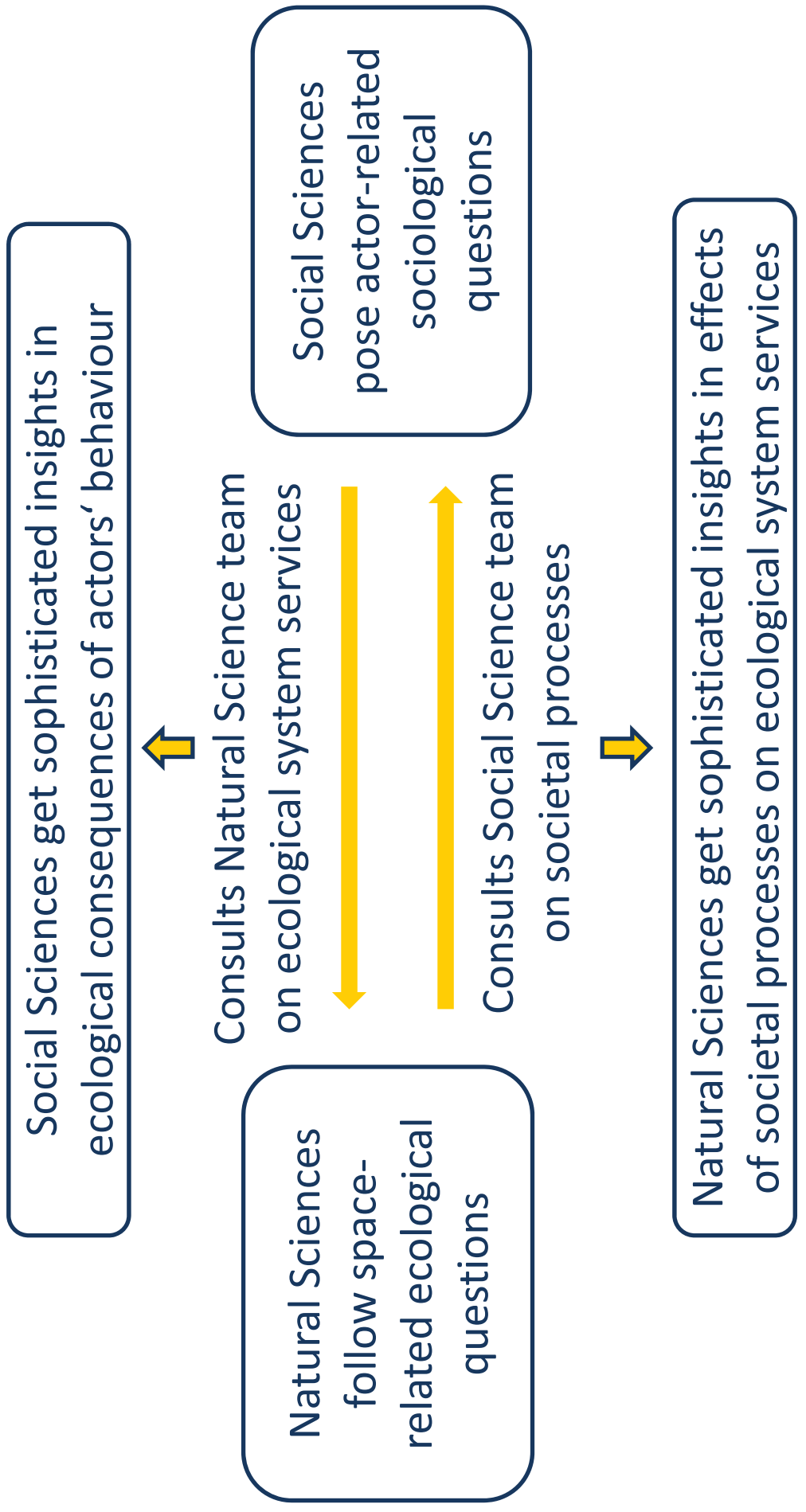
- Re-opening of 10-meter-hole to take out the SIA's
- Development of joint perspective on carbon management options
- Continuation of study on knowledge production among soil scientists
- Joint presentation and contextualization of results on deep carbon in indigenous villages

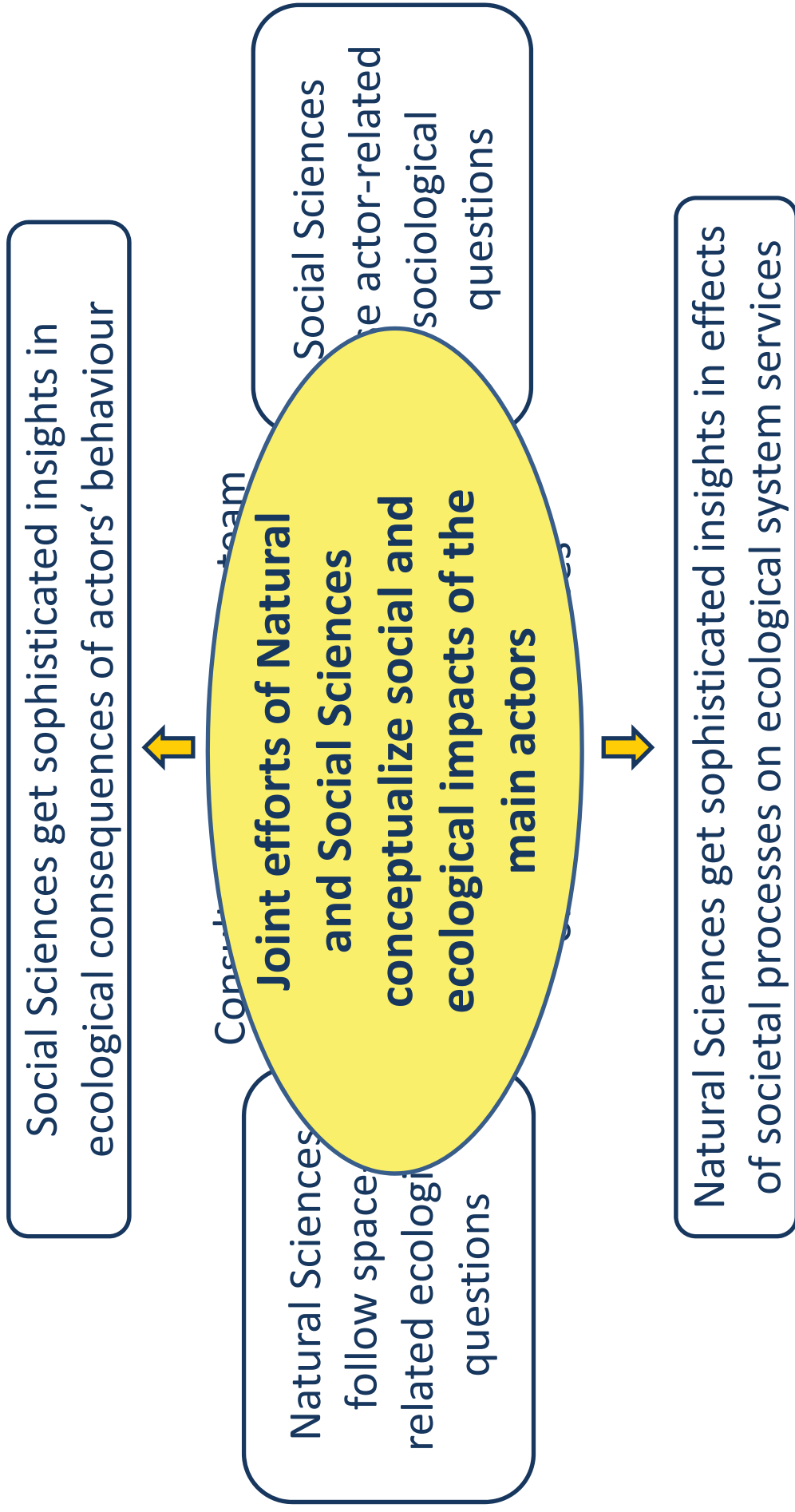


Natural Sciences
follow space-
related ecological
questions

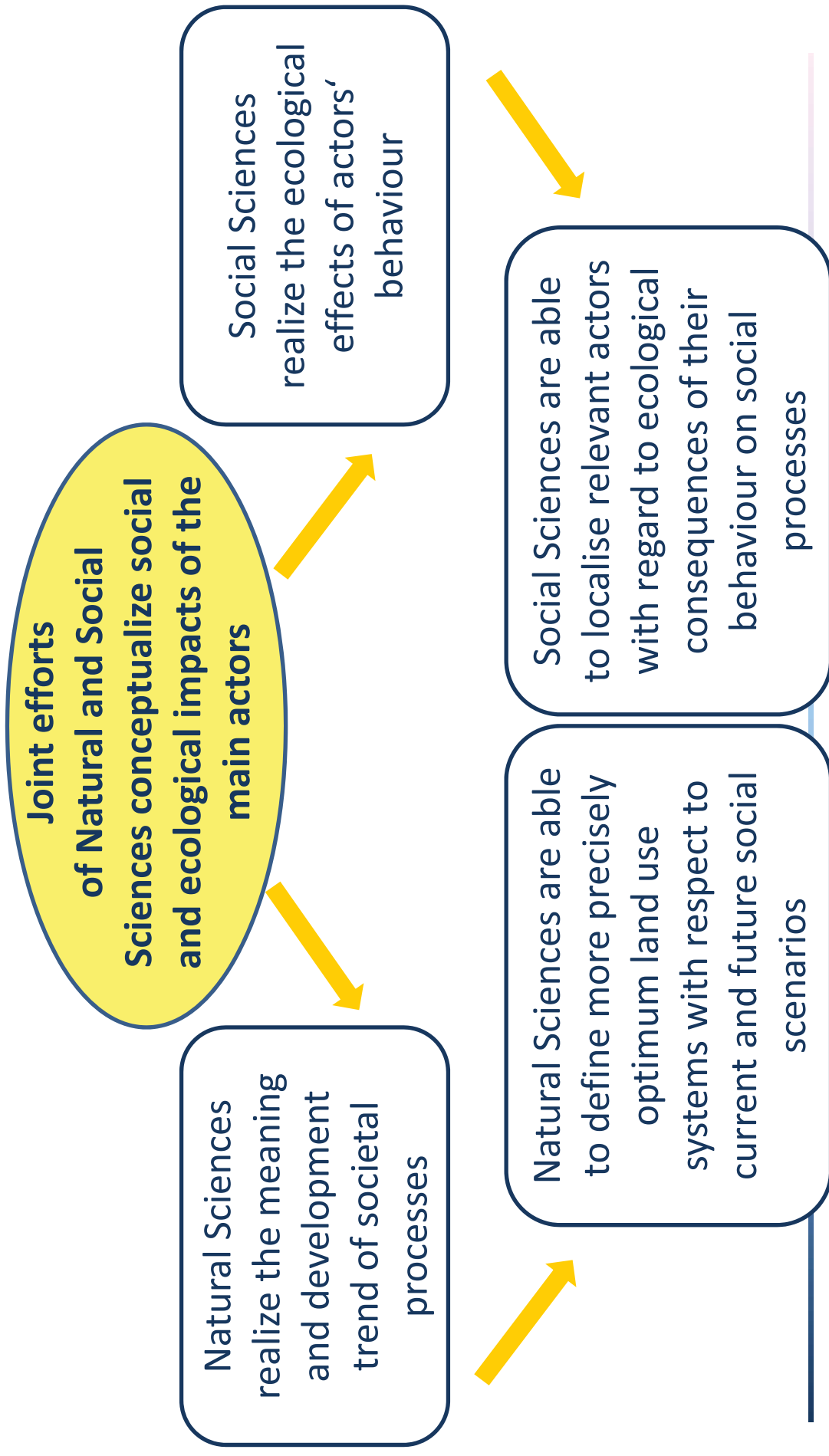
Social Sciences
pose actor-related
sociological
questions











Natural Sciences are able
to adopt choice of
position and selection of
sampling areas precisely
to current and future
social scenarios

Social Sciences are able
to localise relevant actors
with regard to ecological
consequences of their
behaviour on social
processes



**More precise research with higher representativity and new
research opportunities through synergy effects**

Enabling of responsible research through joint efforts

Open questions for Carbiocial:

- Consequences for the discussion on land use change?
- Consequences for internal Carbiocial cooperations?

Thank you – the Digging deeper team



GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung



Join us now with the exploration of the deep hole

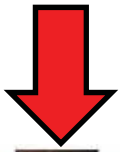




Exploration of the deep hole

Also under rain forest most of the carbon is found here





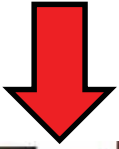
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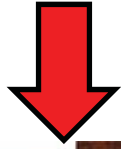


Exploration of the deep hole

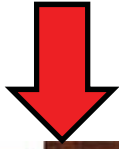
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Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole

Minerals show pronounced small-scale variability



Exploration of the deep hole

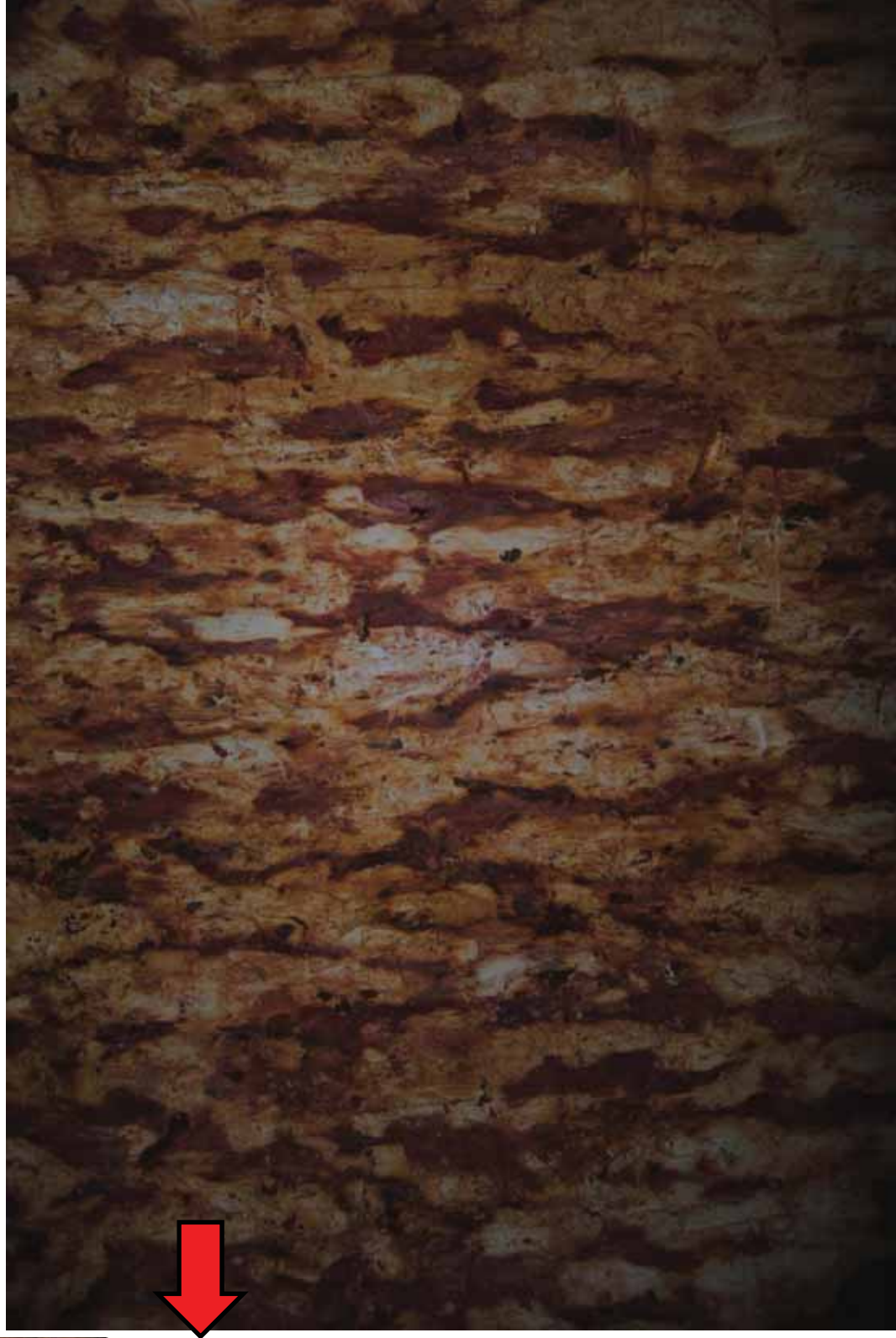


Exploration of the deep hole

Different iron oxides, aluminium oxide, and kaolinite

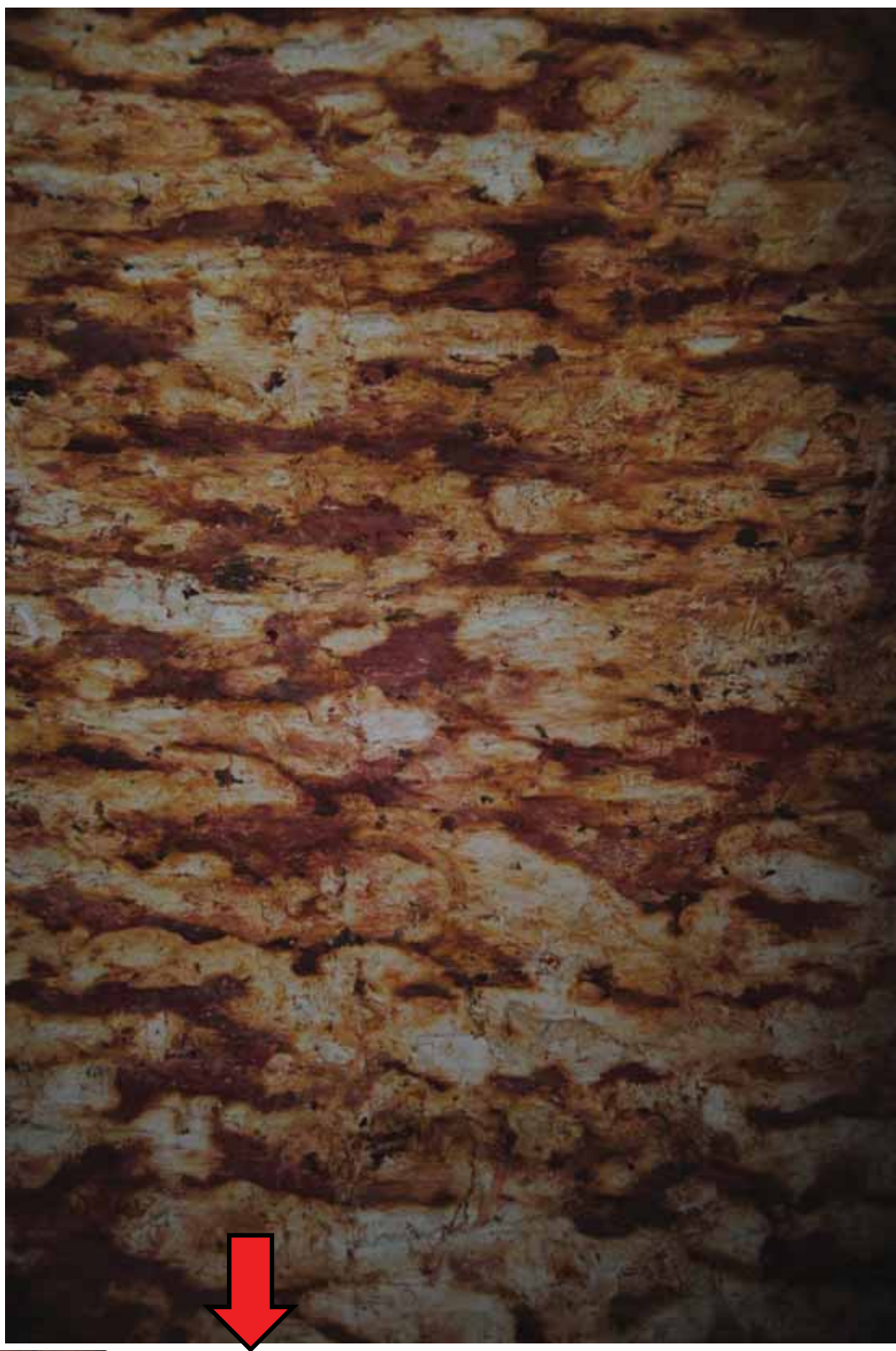


Exploration of the deep hole



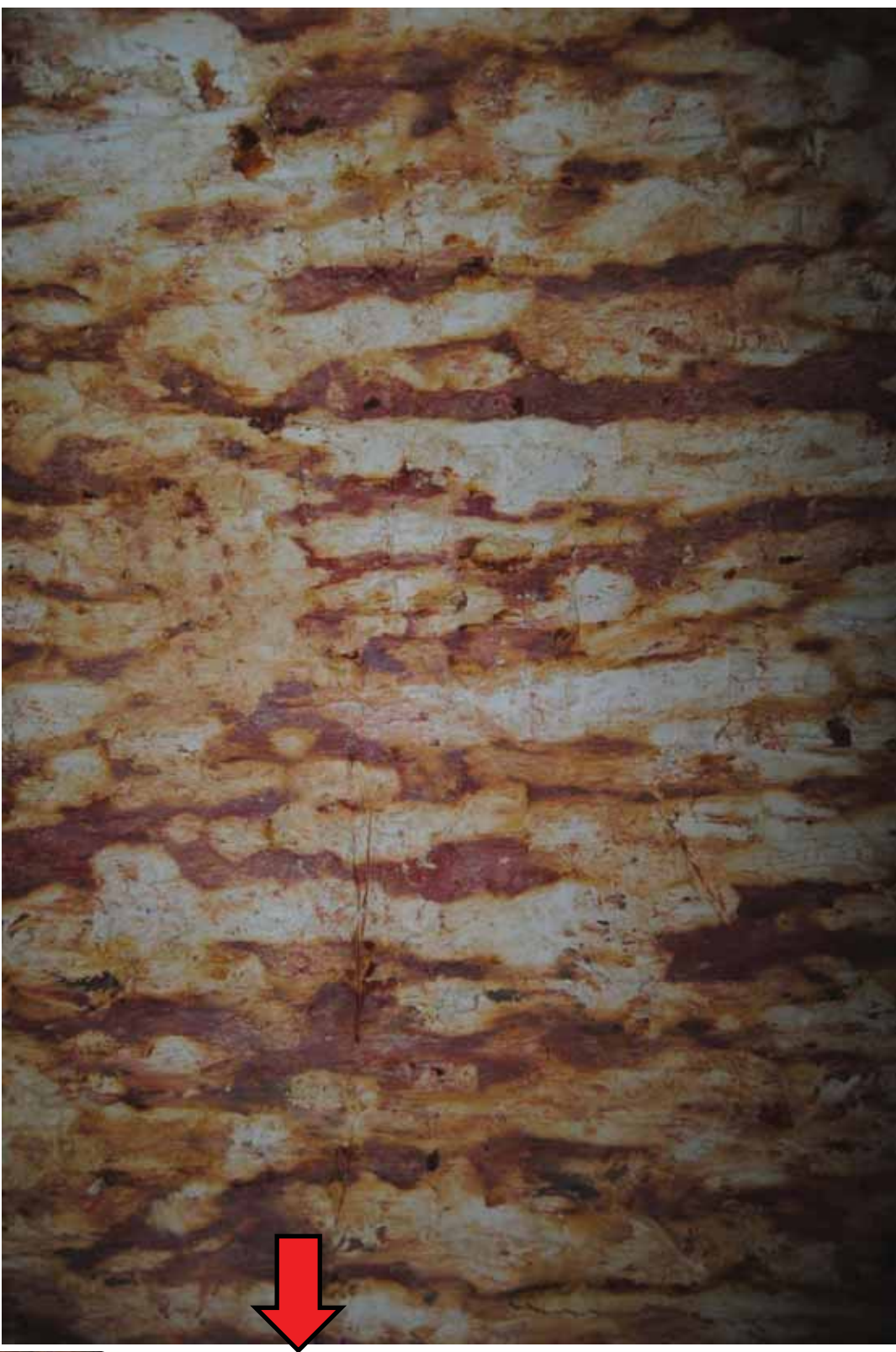
Exploration of the deep hole

Roots are still present

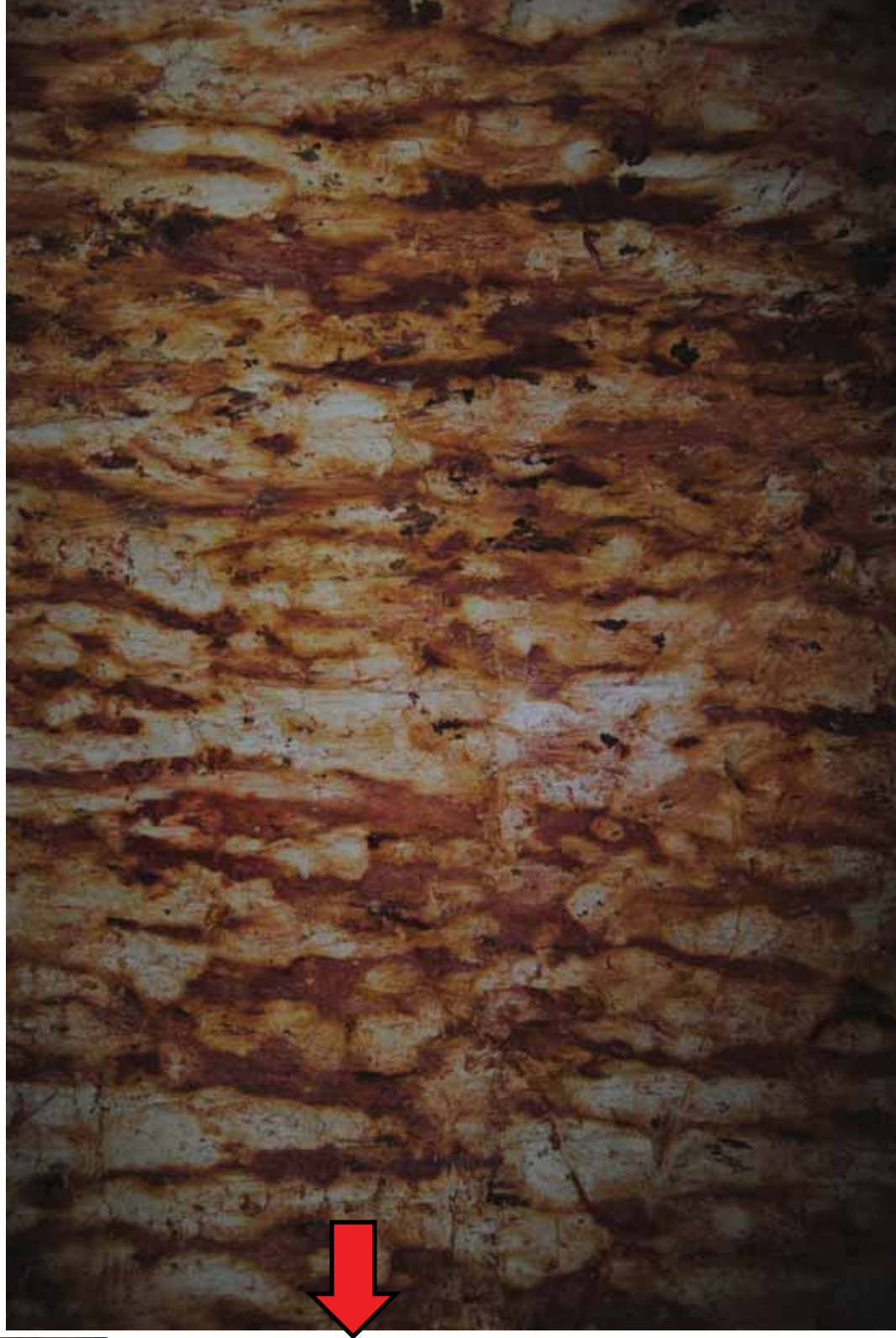


Exploration of the deep hole

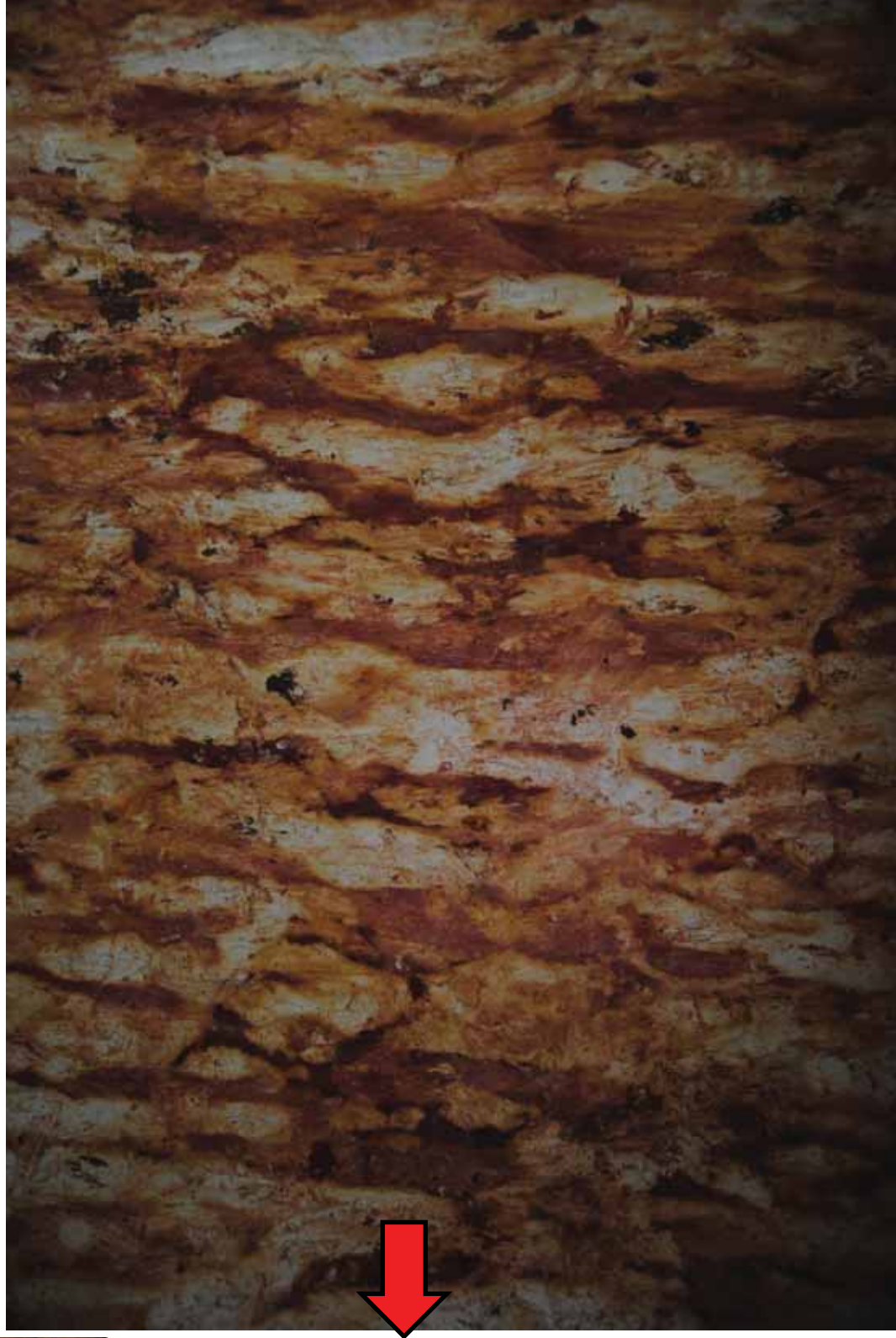
From here on fungal partner are exploiting the soil



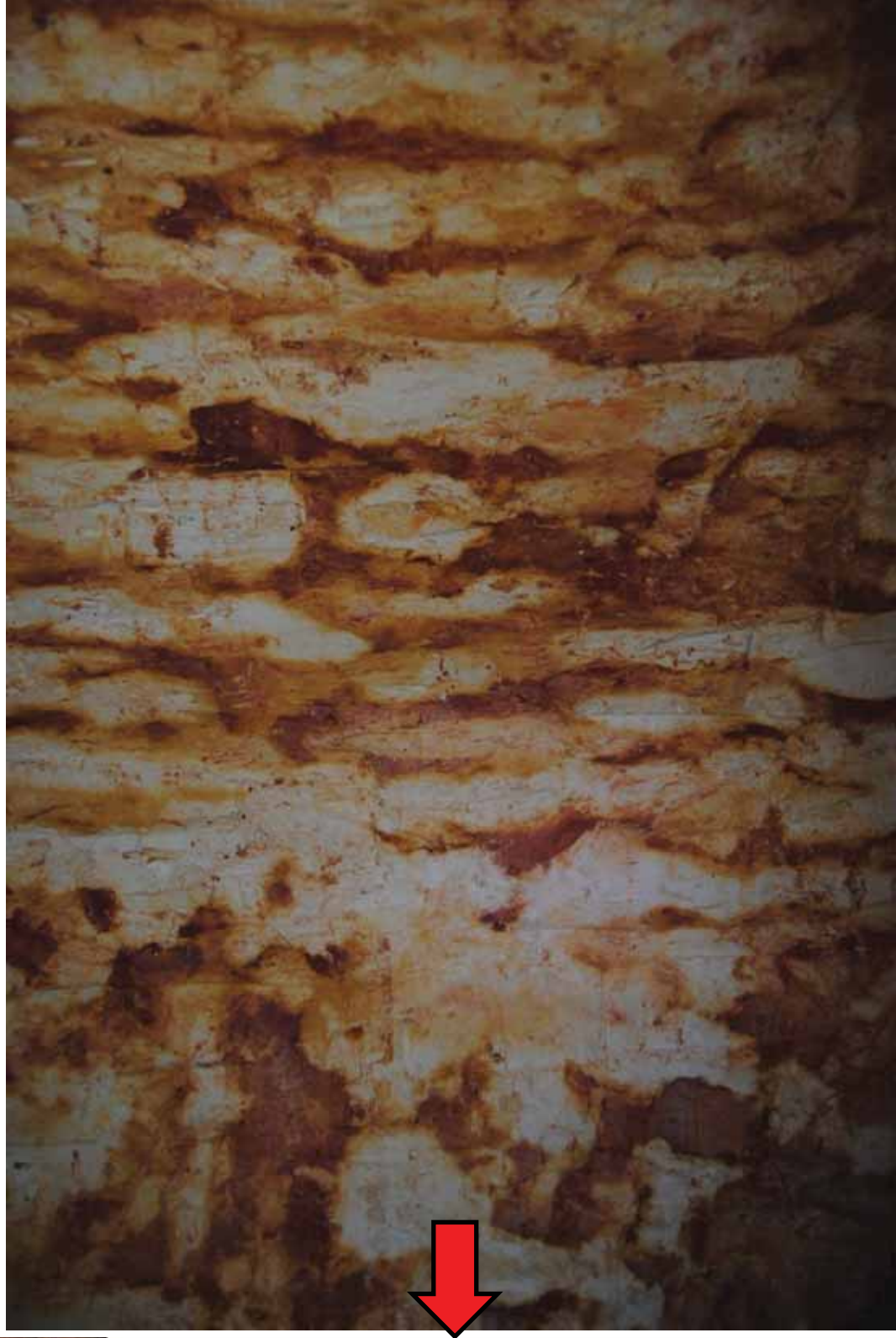
Exploration of the deep hole



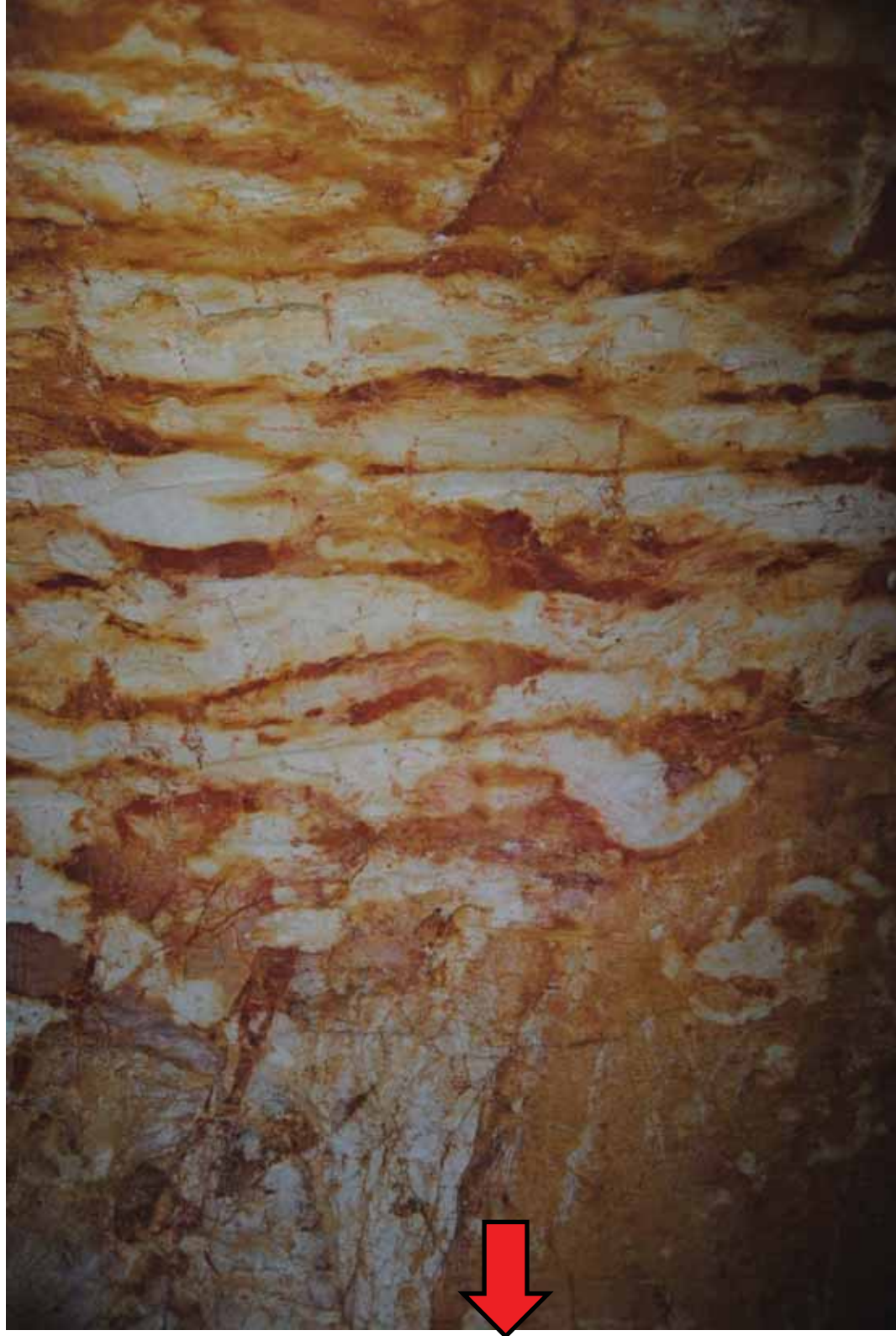
Exploration of the deep hole



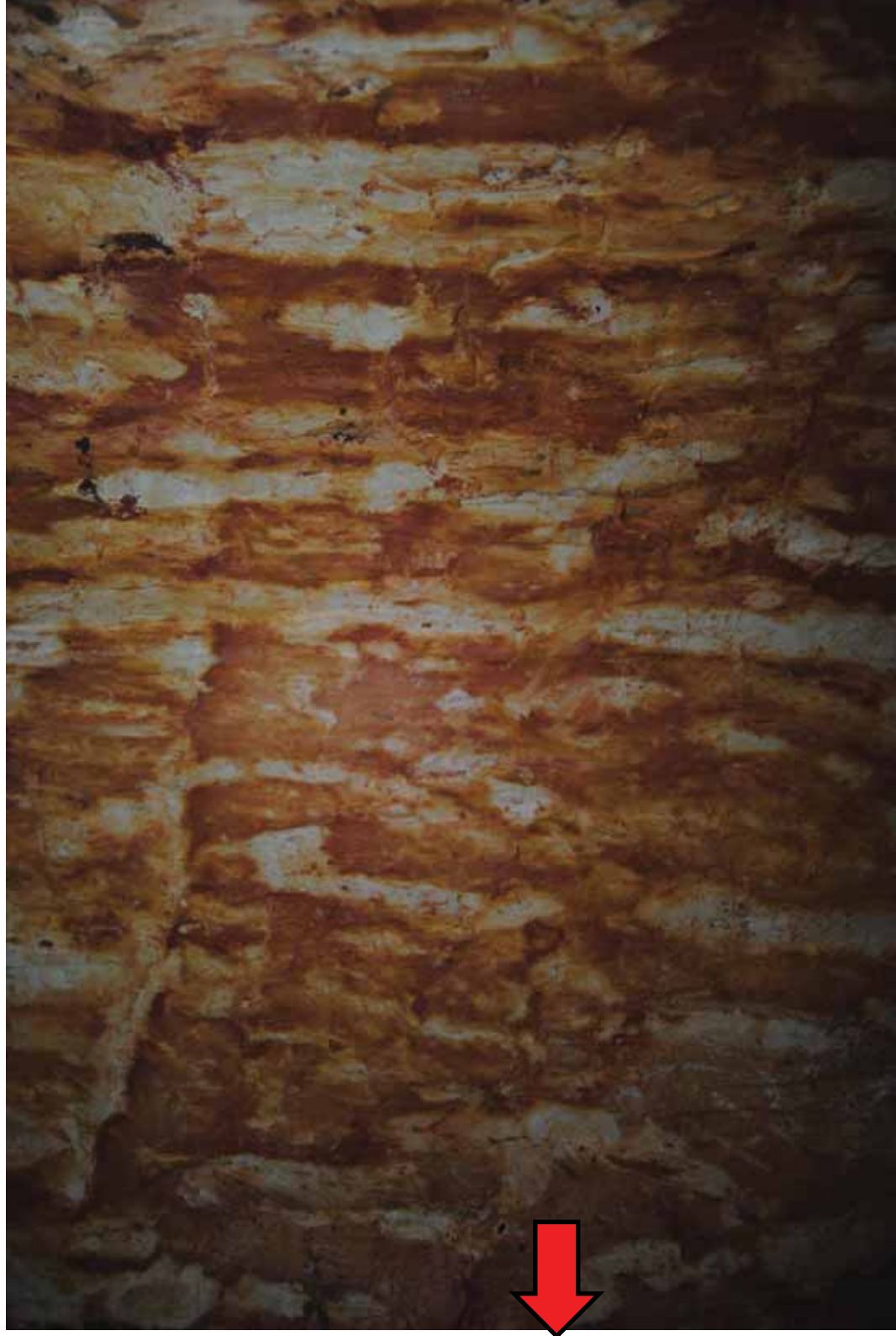
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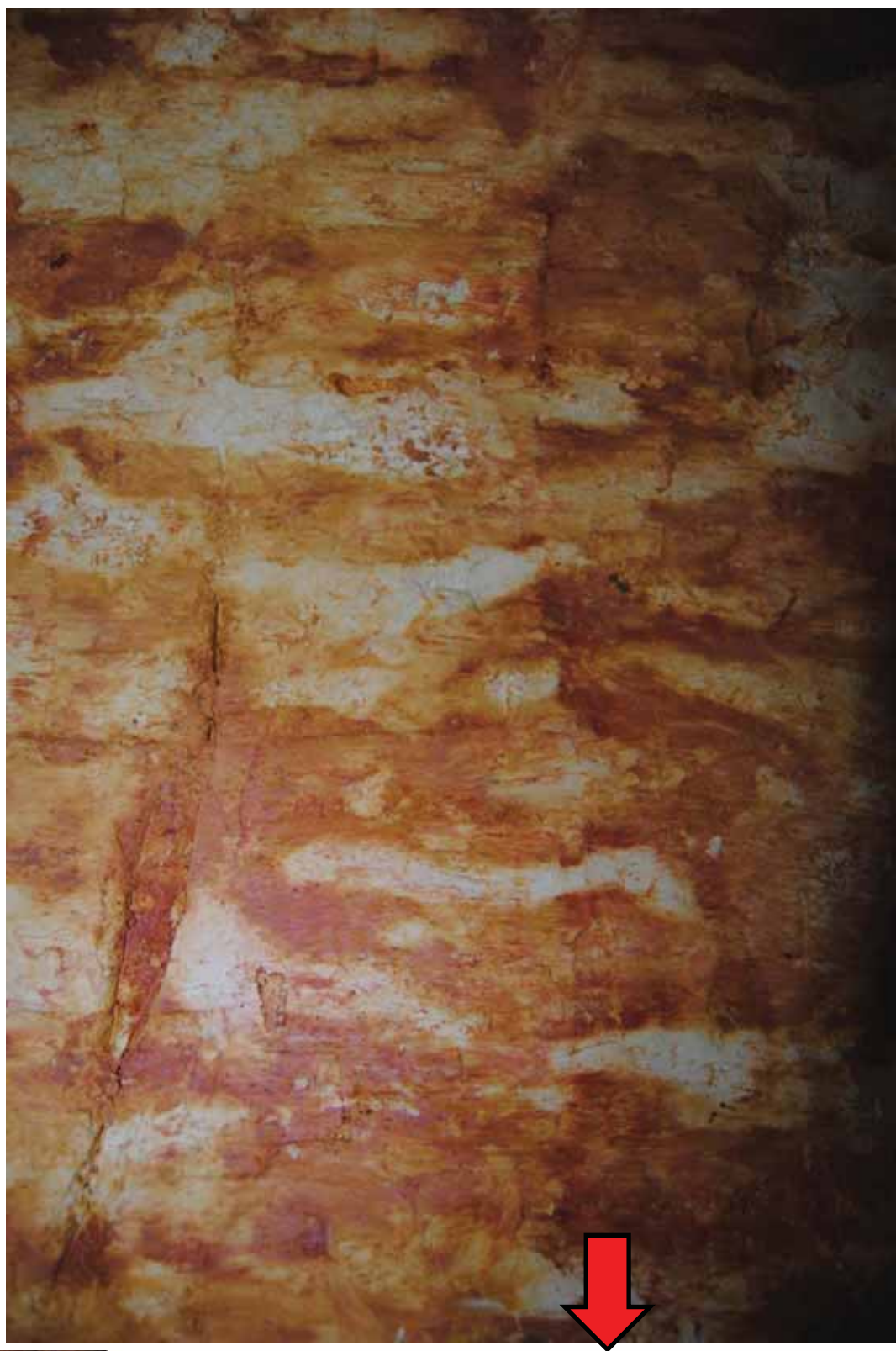
Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole



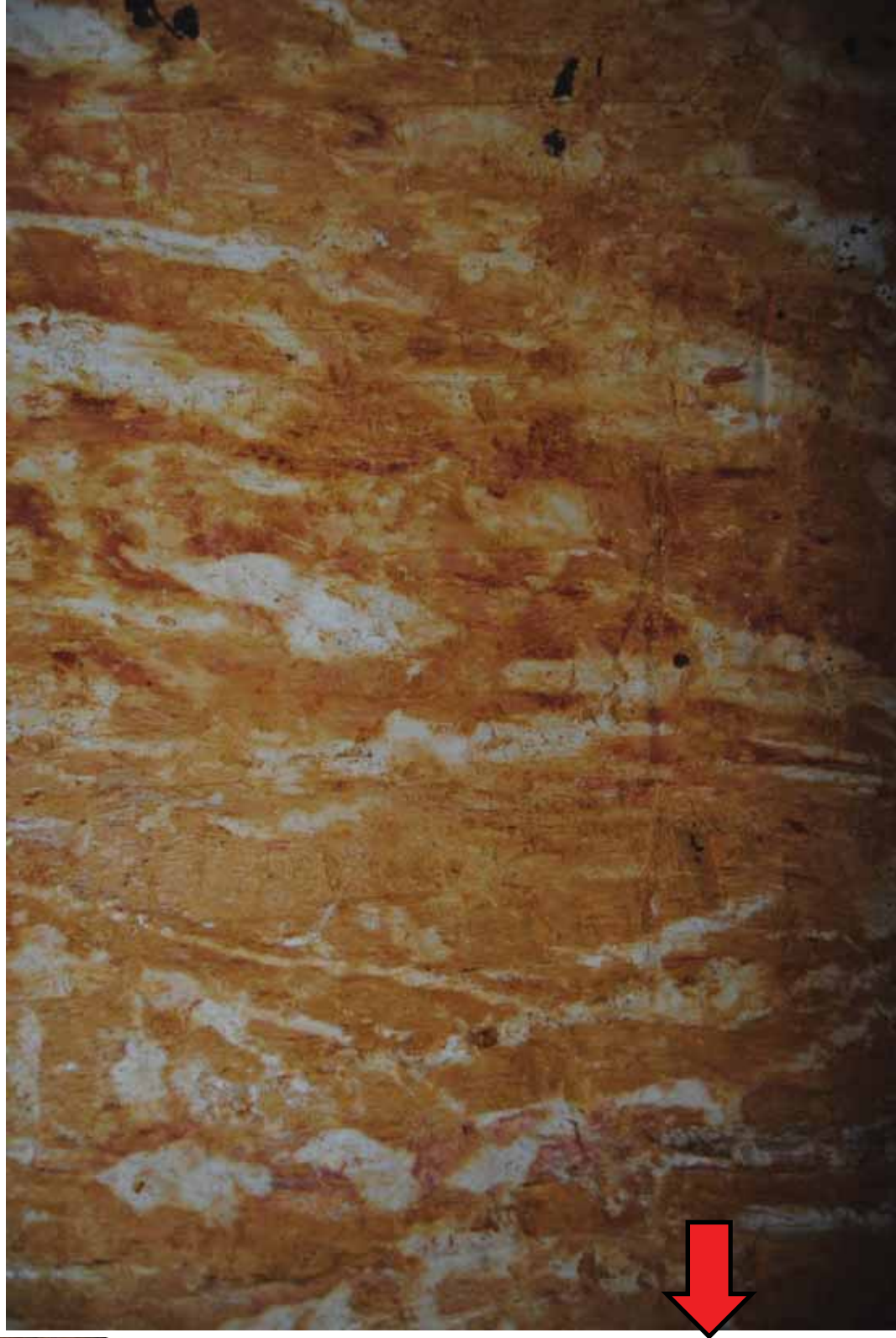
Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole



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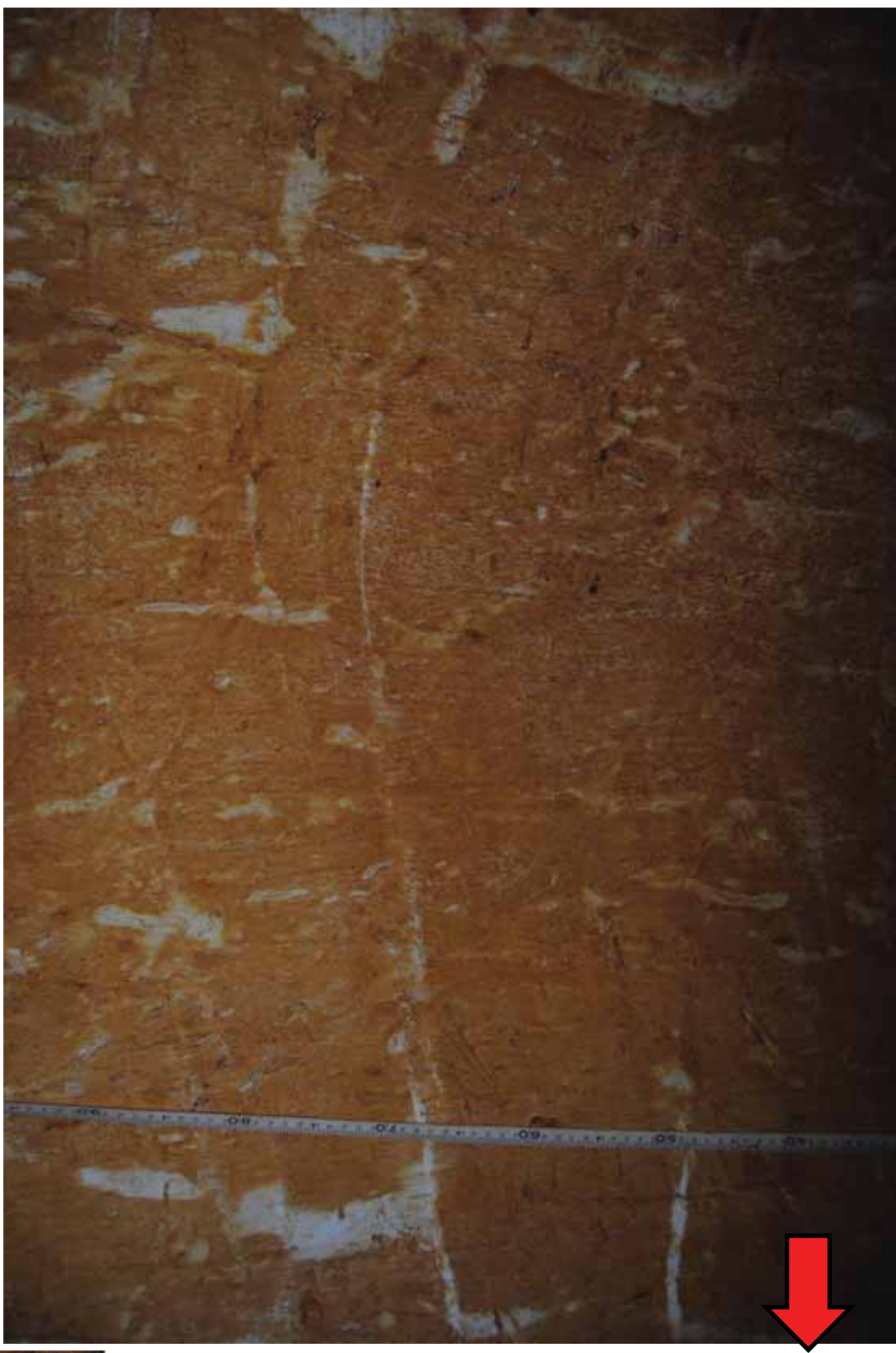


Exploration of the deep hole



Exploration of the deep hole

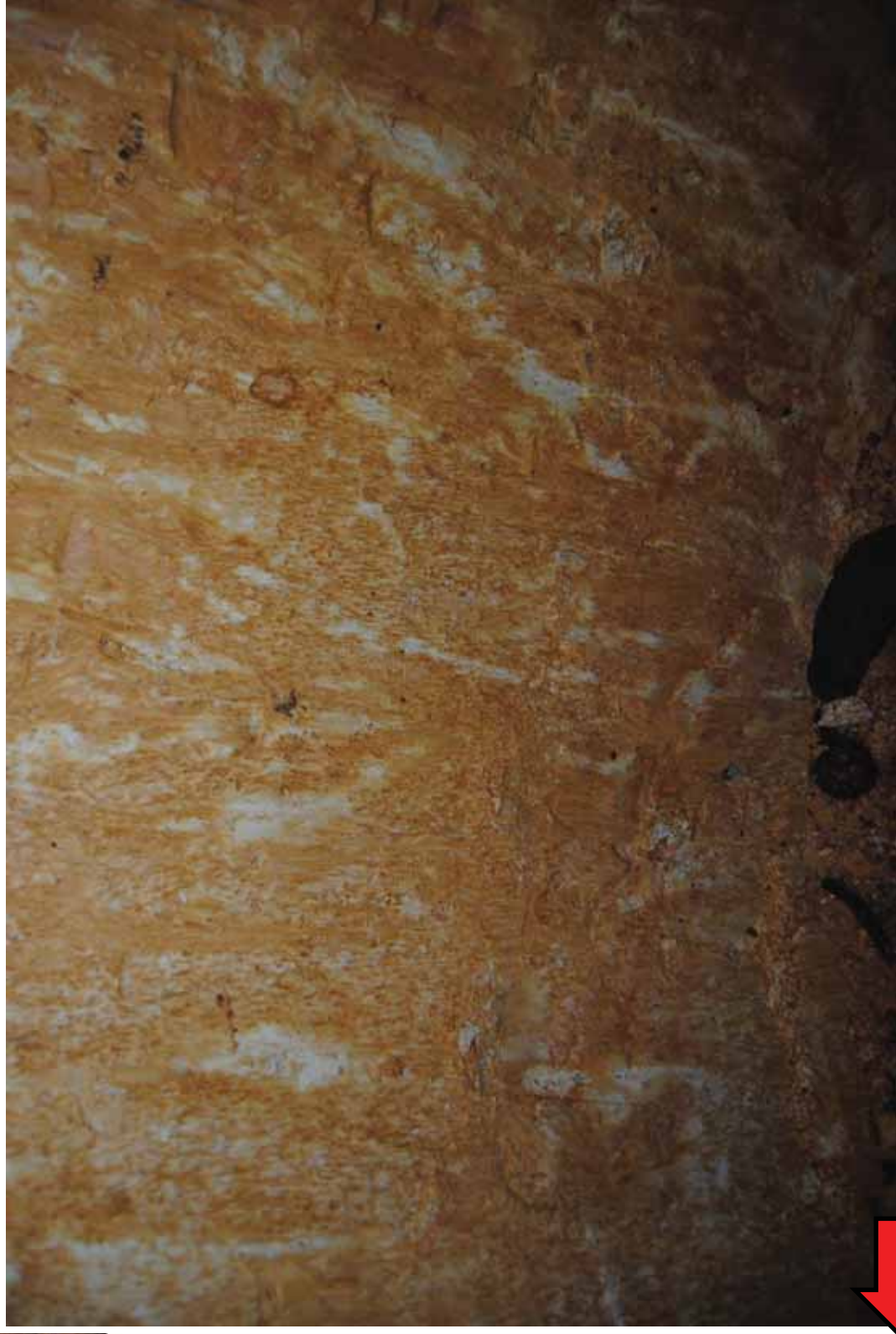
First indication of weathered rocks



Exploration of the deep hole

Weathered rock:

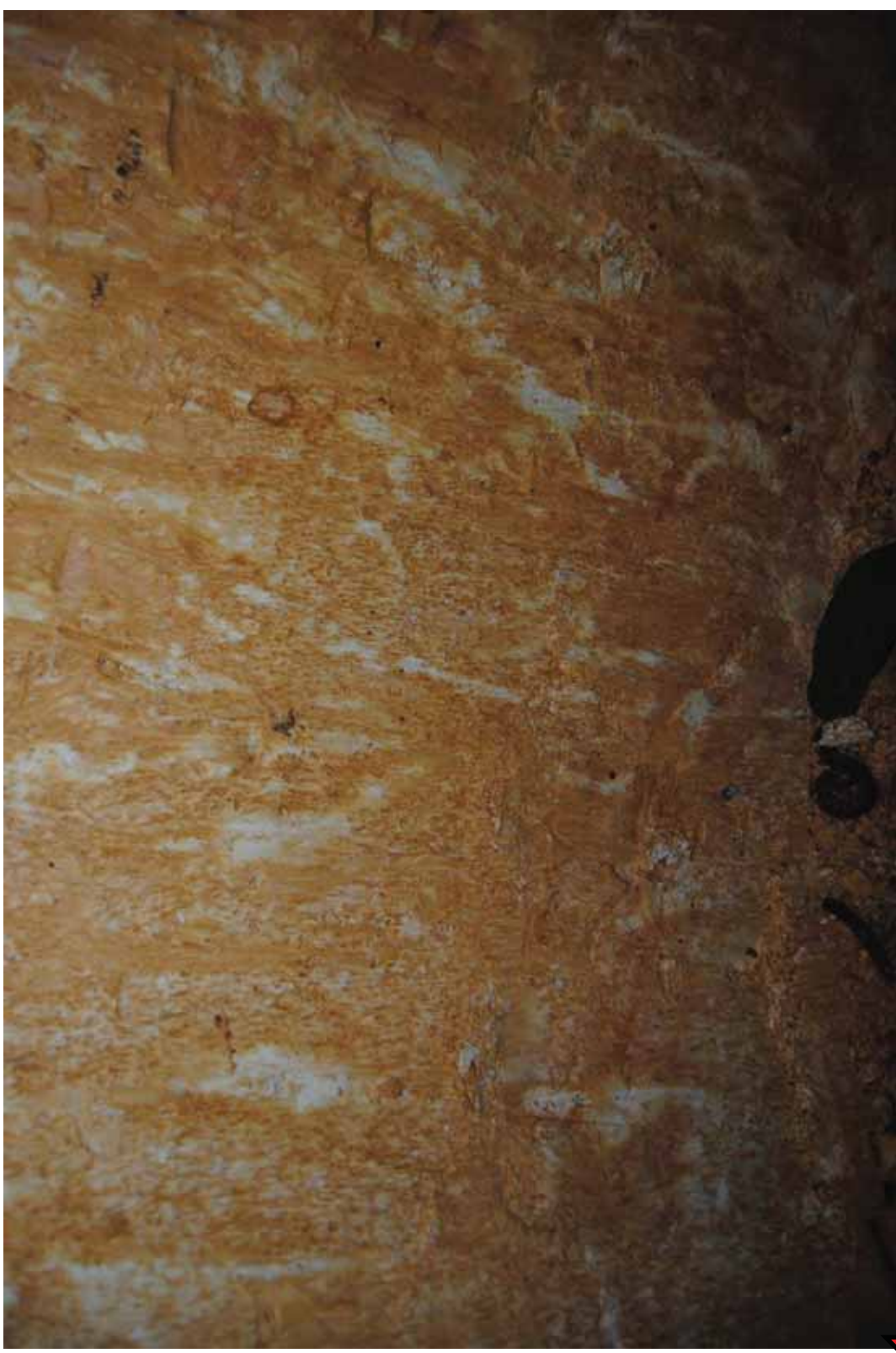
Well digger: „Here fungi are eating nutrients“





Soil organic carbon in the deep hole

Total soil organic carbon: 223 tons per hectare
56% of it below one meter!



Soil organic carbon in the deep hole

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56% of it below one meter!

*Much more has been reported
so far for such soils (Oxisols)*

